

Republic of the Philippines OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION

CHED MEMORANDUM ORDER (CMO)
NO. 30
Series of 2001

SUBJECT: UPDATED POLICIES AND STANDARDS FOR NURSING EDUCATION

In accordance with pertinent provisions of Republic Act (RA) No. 7722, otherwise known as the "Higher Education Act of 1994," and for the purpose of rationalizing Nursing Education in the country with the end in view of meeting the health needs of the people through quality health services and keeping it relevant and apace with the demands of global competitiveness, the following policies and standards for Nursing Education are hereby adopted and promulgated by the Commission, thus:

ARTICLE I AUTHORIZATION

Section 1. The authorization to open a nursing school shall be based upon the written recommendation of the Board of Nursing (BON), Professional Regulation Commission(PRC) and the National Student Affiliation Committee(INSAC), Department of Health(DOH) and the approval of the Commission on Higher Education(CHED).

Section 2. All nursing programs must have prior authorization from the Commission on Higher Education.

Section 3. The rules and regulations are herein prescribed for all nursing schools duly recognized or authorized by the government to operate the program.

ARTICLE II MISSION STATEMENT

Person is a unique bio-psycho-socio-cultural and spiritual being, always in constant interaction with his environment. These interactions affect his state of health.

The nurse assumes the caring role in the prevention of diseases, promotion and restoration of health, alleviation of suffering and when recovery is not possible towards a peaceful death.

Within the context of the Philippine society, nursing education subscribes to the belief that the national identity, cultural consciousness, moral integrity and spirituality are vital components in the development of a Nurse. A broad liberal education and a multi-disciplinary approach seek to enhance this belief. Nursing education therefore, aims to

prepare a critical thinking nurse practitioner who, upon completion of the program, demonstrates beginning professional competencies; and shall continue to assume responsibility for personal and professional development, and utilizes research findings in the practice of the profession.

ARTICLE III .

- Section 1. The college should be administered by a full-time dean who:
- a. is a Filipino citizen;
- b. is a current Registered Nurse in the Philippines;
- c. is a holder of Master's degree in Nursing;
- d. has at least five (5) years of competent teaching and supervisory experience in colleges or institutes of Nursing;
- is an active member of good standing of the Association of Deans of Philippine
 Colleges of Nursing (ADPCN) and the accredited national nurses association

 Section 2. The general functions and responsibilities of the Dean of Nursing are

to:

- a. assist the administrators to attain institutional goals, e.g. instruction, research, community extension services and all related matters;
- b. initiate curriculum development programs;
- c. implement faculty development programs:
- d. recommend faculty for appointment, promotion and tenure including leave and non-reappointment;
- e. approve faculty teaching load;
- f. oversee faculty's academic advisement of the student;
- g. collaborate with student services, admission policies and referrals based on established criteria;
- h. ensure adherence to established standards of instruction;
- i. ascertain that requirements for graduation are complied with;

- j. represent the school in professional and community civic affairs:
- k. attend to physical and budgetary resources:
- collaborate with the health services and other academic units in the implementation of instructional programs.

ARTICLE IV FACULTY

Section 1.The faculty shall have academic preparation appropriate to teaching assignment. In addition, she/he must:

- a. be a Filipino citizen;
- b. be a current Registered Nurse in the Philippines;
- c. be a holder of Master's degree in their major field and/or allied subjects;
 - d. have at least three (3) years of clinical practice in the field of specialization;
 - e. be a member of good standing of the accredited national nursing association

Section 2. When vacancies occur in the teaching force of the college during the school year, substitute or replacement with similar or higher qualifications shall be employed.

Section 3. The following conditions of employment must be observed:

- a. The salary of faculty shall be commensurate with their rank.
- Full time faculty member who shall be responsible for both classroom and Related Learning Experience (RLE) must teach nursing courses.

Section 4. The faculty shall be assigned academic ranks in accordance with their academic training and clinical expertise. The recognized ranks are: instructor, assistant professor, associate professor, and professor.

Section 5. The faculty development program plays a role in the effective operation of the college. It consists of activities and programs towards the development of the faculty for intellectual, personal, and professional as well as moral and spiritual growth. The program may be in the form of:

- a. scholarshin grant
- b. graduate studies
- in-service and continuing training programs

d. clinical skills enhancement for at least two weeks a year

Section 6. The teaching load of college faculty members should be as follows:

- a. Dean not to exceed a total of six (6) units of lecture in a semester.
- Full-time faculty members may carry a regular teaching load of 15-24 units per semester. One hour of related learning experience supervision is equivalent to one (1) unit credit.
- c. Government employees who serve part time faculty for non-nursing course must secure permit from the employer and may be given a maximum teaching load of nine (9) units.
- Part-time faculty employed full-time elsewhere may carry a teaching load of not more than 9 units in all the schools in which he teaches.

Section 7.The school must have a faculty manual containing information and policies on all matters pertaining to the faculty.

CURRICULUM (See Annex A)

Section 1. The Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) curriculum may be amended or revised provided it meets the minimum requirements of the Commission on Higher Education.

ARTICLE VI INSTRUCTIONAL STANDARDS

Section 1. The institution must maintain a high standard of instruction, utilizing appropriate and updated syllabi and instructional methods/strategies that contribute to sound nursing education.

- The professional nursing subjects must be offered observing strictly prerequisite requirements and sequence.
- b. Credit for the completion of the course is based on the fulfillment of curricular requirements.
- The ratio of faculty to student in science laboratory class is 1:25; in regular classroom is 1:50.
- The institution shall provide for a systematic and continuing plan of evaluation of the student's progress through a marking system that is consistent and congruent to

... set objectives

- A system of supervision should be instituted and implemented for the purpose
 of evaluating teaching performance.
- f. There should be a regular academic audit of instructional resources such as syllabi, textbooks and others.
- g. Record management must be maintained.

Section 2. The Related Learning Experiences (RLE) are highly selected to develop competencies utilizing the nursing process in varying health situations. The following conditions must be observed.

- There should be close correlation of theoretical knowledge to related learning experience. Classroom and RLE activities must be congruent.
- Classroom and RLE is a continuous process. Faculty teaching in the classroom must continue to teach the students in their RLE.
- Related learning experiences are organized around the objectives and competencies set for the course and all students must be able to achieve such.
- Faculty compensation is based on the computation of one (1) hour RLE is equivalent to one (1) lecture hour.
 - Effectiveness and efficiency of the related learning experience, must consider the following factors:
 - Background knowledge and capacity of the learner.
 - Size and nature of the learning resources both in institutions and communities.
 - Adequate number and variety of clientele.
 - Adequate number of qualified nursing and other personnel.
 - Evidence of quality nursing care services.
 - Compliance with the required equivalence of fifty one (51) hours to (one) 1 unit RLE
 - Ratio of student to clientele depends upon the objectives and the capacity of the student. The ratio of student to clientele is:

Level	Ist Sem	2 nd Sem
III -	1:1	1:2
IV	1:2-3	1: 3-5

8. A faculty-student ratio of

Level	Ist Sem	2 nd Sen
III	1: 8-10	1:8-12
IV	1:12-15	1:12-15

- Utilization of varied teaching-learning methods/strategies appropriate to the situation.
- g. Evaluation is an integral part of the teaching-learning process and must utilize appropriate feedback mechanism.

ARTICLE VII LIBRARY

Section 1. Every college offering the nursing program should have library resources
necessary for general education and nursing. This implies quality and quantity that meet the
needs for scholarship and research of students and faculty.

- Quality refers to such factors as breadth and depth of coverage and representativeness of authorship in various disciplines.
- Quantity refers to the number of holding and reference materials which should be in proportion to the enrollment and needs of the student and faculty.

Section 2. The following are the minimum staff requirements:

- a. the college should have a full time registered librarian
- the librarian must be a graduate of BS in Library Science with three (3) years experience in library work
- the ratio of librarians to clerical and other staff will vary depending upon the range of operations and services provided by the library and upon its total workload requirements.

For first 500 students one full-time Librarian and three full-time Support staff

For every additional 1,000 students -one additional full-time Librarian or a major fraction thereof

Section 3. Minimum library holdings:

- a. Must be adequate to the curricular, instructional, research, and recreational needs of its clientele. The collection should consist of up-to-date and relevant books, serials, pamphlets, documents and non-book materials, and electronic resources (used with computers). The provision of textbooks is not the responsibility of the library but a maximum of five (5) copies of frequently used materials shall be provided. In the matter of reserve books, a provision of at least one copy for every twenty-five (23) students is deemed sufficient.
 - b. The availability of CD-ROMs and online databases may replace one or more of the library requirements, depending on the number of full-text titles/volumes contained therein. Particular consideration shall be given to the availability of Internet services to supplement the library's collection of information resources.
 - c. In addition to the core book collection, a core periodical collection of current and relevant titles (local and foreign) shall also be provided. The recommended number of periodicals based on enrollment are as follows:

Enrollment	No. of Periodicals
less than 1,000 students 1,001 - 3,000 over 3,000	50 75 100

- d. The selection shall also include an extensive Filipiniana collection to meet the ever increasing demand of users for this type of materiats. A comprehensive acquisition of current Filipinians titles relevant to the school's curricultur is strongly recommended. It is recommended that this Filipiniana collection be separated from the general collection for purposes of identity, preservation, and functionality of use.
- A regular weeding program shall be undertaken to keep the collection relevant and up-to-date.

Section 4. The following are the minimum requirements for the library quarters:

- The building shall provide adequate space for housing the library's collection in whatever format, for study and research, and for staff workroom and offices. In addition, provision for future expansion should be made.
 - b. The library should be accessible to members of the faculty, students and employees of the institution.

- c. The facilities shall be attractive and designed to provide safety, and promote operational efficiencies and effectiveness of use.
- d. Suitable space for staff workroom, offices, lounge should be available.
- e. The size of the library building shall take into account the size of its total user population, the extent and nature of its collection, and the size of its staff.
- f. The library should be adequately lighted, properly ventilated, and acoustically suited for quiet reading, aesthetically attractive and properly maintained.
- g. The library should be open and accessible beyond class hours.

ARTICLE VIII RESEARCH

Section 1. The administration should encourage and support research among its students and faculty and promote utilization of research findings for improvement of nursing care, educational management, and other aspects of the nursing program.

Section 2. There should be a budget for research and publications.

ARTICLE IX LABORATORY FACILITIES (SEE ANNEX C)

Section 1. The Policies and Standards on Laboratory Facilities for Undergraduate Level of Biology, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics and Physics laboratory shall be followed:

Scilion2. Nursing Skills Laboratory - The rooms must: have adequate space with dequate instriments and equipment simulating a hospital setting, community, home and health centers or lying in. It should have at least two (2) doors, which will serve as an entrance and exit and there should be a fire extinguisher installed near the door. It should be approximed into:

- a classroom which can accommodate a maximum of 48-50 students at one time. It should be amphitheater in style.
- a demonstration room where there is one (1) bed to eight (8) students at one given time.
- for specific equipment and supplies, please see Annex C

Clinical Facilities and resources for related learning experiences should include lying-in, schools & industrial establishment, community agencies, out-patient clinics and general, special and specialty hospitals.

- The hospital maybe independent or owned or operated by the institution or utilized by the college in accordance with the contractual agreement between the college and the hospital which clearly specifies the responsibilities of each party. The minimum capacity of 100 beds and the minimum bed occupancy of eighty percent are required of every base hospital.
- The hospital/agency utilized by the students for clinical experience should be accredited by the Bureau of Licensing and Regulation of the Department of Health as a 100-bed teaching hospital with general services
- c. Parties to the contract of affiliation should provide and maintain an environment conducive to the attainment of the teaching-learning objectives. Open communication should exist among the nursing, medical staff and the school personnel. The college and the hospital agency should establish effective coordination and cooperation.
- d. The nursing service should be provided with a plantilla position of a training coordinator and the required staffing composed of qualified professional and non-professional personnel
 - There should be an adequate number of patients varying in age, sex. level/acuity and types of illness desired for teaching-learning experience of different curricular levels
- f. Provision should be made for adequate physical facilities, supplies and equipment for effective nursing care and students' learning experiences. Conference rooms suitable for ward classes should be provided.
- g. The hospitals and community health agencies used for the students' learning either urban or rural should have the following components:
 - 1. Classroom for conference
 - 2 Library 3 Comfort Room
 - 4.
 - Dressing Room 5 Lounge
 - 6 Locker
- h. The faculty and the nursing service personnel of the affiliation agency should work together in the planning, implementation and evaluation of student's experiences

ARTICLE X ADMISSION, SELECTION, AND RETENTION OF STUDENTS

. Section 1. General Entrance Requirements., - Applicants desiring to enroll in a nursing course must belong to the upper forty percent (40%) of the graduating class of the general secondary course, as certified by the principal/registrar.*

Section 2. The school must have a well-defined admission, promotion and retention policies published and made known to students.

Section 3. Admission quota must consider the capability of the school to provide the following:

- qualified faculty
- b. teaching/learning resources
 - resources of the base hospital
 - staffing
 - statting
 facility
 - number of student affiliates

Section 4. Monitoring of the Admission Quota will be periodically done by the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) with the assistance of ADPCN and the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC), Board of Nursing.

ARTICLE XI RESIDENCE AND UNIT REQUIREMENTS

Section 1. As a general rule, a candidate for graduation must have taken the last curriculum year in the college, which is to confer the degree. The student should be evaluated according to the criteria or system of evaluation required by the college to determine proficiency in all major courses.

- Section 2. No student should be permitted to take a subject until he/she has satisfactorily passed the pre-requisite subjects.
- Section 3. A student should be allowed to carry only the regular semestral load. However, graduating students must be guided by issuances.

^{*}This provision holds true until R.A. 7164 is repealed.

ARTICLE XII GRADI IATE NURSE TITLE

Holder of the diploma Graduate in Nursing (GN) who wish to pursue baccalaureate degree of a nursing program and has been active in the aursing practice should submit records of experiences, credentials, seminars and workshops attended within the last five (5) years from date of application to the Commission on Higher Education.

ARTICLE XIII ACCREDITATION

Nursing schools are encouraged to undergo accreditation preferably within five (5) years after recognition.

ARTICLE XIV EFFECTIVITY

Section 1. This set of policies and standards shall take effect beginning school year 2001-2002.

Section 2. This order supersedes all previous issuances concerning nursing education, which may be inconsistent or contradictory with any of the provisions hereof.

ARTICLE XV SANCTIONS

This Office shall be constrained to take appropriate action regarding the operation of the school if any of the alternemationed conditions are not met. Further, if the board performance in three (3) board examinations within a period of 5 years is 3% and below, the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) shall order outright closure; if 4-10%, a redual phase out shall be effects out shall be effects.

SO ORDERED

Pasig City, Philippines, August 24, 2001

ESTER ALBANO-GARCIA Chairperson

ANNEX A

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING

Curriculum

FIRST YEAR (Level I)*

	ist semester		
Subjects		Units	
f .			
English 1 (Comm. Skills)		3	
Filipino 1 (Sining ng Pakikipagtalastasan)	r.	3	
General Chemistry (3/2)		5	
Mathematics (College Algebra)		3	
General Psychology		3	
P.E. 1		2	
C.M.T./ROTC		(1.5)	
	TOTAL	19	

Subjects	Second Semester	Units
English 2 (Comm. Skills II) Filipino 2 (Panitikang Pilipino) Sociology/Anthropology	*	3 3
Anatomy and Physiology (3/2) Physics		5
Natural Science (Biology) P.E. 2 C.M.T./ROTC		3 2 (1.5)
G.H.T.MOTC	TOTAL	22

^{*} Based on the Associate in Health Science Education (AHSE) Curriculum

SECOND YEAR (LEVEL II)*

	First Semester		
Subjects		Units	
Primary Health Care I (4/3) ** Information Technology (Computer) Health Ethics		7 3	
Philosophy of Man Basic Statistics (w/ Biostatistics)		· 3	
P.E. 3 C.M.T./ROTC		2 (1.5)	
	TOTAL	21	
<u>Subjects</u>	econd Semester	Units	
Introduction to Philippine Literature Primary Health Care 2 (3/2) **		3 5	
Health Economics w/ Taxation and Agra Science, Technology and Society Logic and Critical Thinking	irian Kelorm	3 3	
P.E 4. C.M.T. / ROTC		2 (1.5)	
	TOTAL	19	
	Summer		
Subjects		<u>Units</u>	
Microbiology and Parasitology (3/1).** NCM 100 - Foundations of Nursing (2/ Nutrition	1)	4 3 3	
	TOTAL	10	

^{*} Based on the AHSE Curriculum

** lecture/lab

THIRD YEAR (LEVEL III) First Semester

Subjects

NCM 101- (Promotive & Prevention Community Health Development* Strategies of Health Education	ve Nsg Care Mgmt 8/8)***	<u>Units</u> 16 3	
The second second	TOTAL	22	
Subjects	Second Semester	Units	
NCM 102 (Curative & Rehabilitat Introduction to Research Philippine History	ive Nsg Care Mgmt I)8/8***	16 3 3	
	TOTAL	22	<u> </u>
NCM 103 (Related Learning Exper	Summer	Unit 4 (204 hours)	
FOI Subjects	URTH YEAR (LEVEL IV) First Semester	Units	
NCM 104 (Curative & Rehabilitati Management II) 8/8*** English 3 (Communication Skills I Philippine Government and Constit	II)	16 3 3	
	TOTAL	22	
Subjects	Second Semester	Units	
NCM 105 (Nursing Management or Rizal Asian Civilization	nd Leadership) 8/8***	16 3 3	
	TOTAL	22	

*may be integrated in NCM 101, 102, and 103
*** lecture/RLE

SUMMARY	

I.

II.

	-	
		Units
General Education		
		65
A. Language and Humanities	24	
war and the		
English (Comm. Skills I & II)	. 6	
Filipino I & II	6	
Introduction to Literature English 3 (Comm. Skills III)	. 3	
Philosophy of Man	3	
Logic and Critical Thinking	3 -	
Logic and Critical Hilliking	. 3	
B. Mathematics, Natural Sciences & Inform	sation Technology 26	
THIO (III	auton reclinology 20	
Mathematics (College Algebra)	3	
Chemistry (General) 3/2		
Biology/Geology/Earth Science	5 3 3	
Physics I		
Anatomy and Physiology 3/2	. 5	
Microbiology and Parasitology 3/1	. 4	
Information Technology (Computer)	3	0.00
C. Social Sciences		
o. Bootal policines	15	
Psychology (General)	3	
Sociology/Anthropology		
Philippine History	3	
Philippine Government & Constitution	1 3	
Asian Civilization	3	
Associate in II-lal C : The last control of th		
Associate in Health Science Education (AHSE)	Curriculum	24
Primary Health Care I		
with RLE	3	
Primary Health Care II	3	
with RLE	2	
Health Economics with Taxation	. 2	
and Agrarian Reform	3	
Bioethics	3	
Basic Nutrition	3	
Science, Technology and Society	3	

Nursing		su
NCM 100 - Roundations of No.	and an artist of the state of t	
NCM 101 Promotive - 1 P	rsing Practice 3	
Com Manager	entive Nursing 16	
NCM 102 Cumbing a line to		
New ioz - Curative and Renabi	ilitative 16	
Nursing Care Mana	gement I	
NCM103 - Related Learning Ex	eperience 4	
NCM104 - Curative and Rehabi	litative Nursing	
Care Mgmt II	16	
NCM105 - Nursing Mgmt & Le	adership 16	
Introduction to Nursing Research	3 .	
Strategies in Health Education		
Community Health Development		
•		
	TOTAL 160	0
RELATED LEARNING EXPER	RIENCE	
<u>Units</u>	Hours Equivalence	
	= 153 hours	
	== 102 hours	
	= 51 hours	
	= 408 hours	
NCM 102 8		
NCM 104 8		
NCM 105 8	= 409 house	

42		
72	- 2, 142 nours	
Dhysical Education		
	2 units	÷
PE 4 =	2 units	
Citizens Military Training - CMT/	ROTC 6	
CMT 1 =		
CMT 2 =		
	(1.5 mins)	
	NCM 100 - Foundations of Nu NCM 101 - Promotive and Pev Care Management NCM 102 - Curative and Rehab NcM 103 - Related Learning Eb NCM 103 - Related Learning Eb NCM 104 - Related Learning Eb NCM 105 - Related Learning Eb NCM 105 - Related Learning Eb Strategies in Health Education Community Health Development PHC 1 3 PHC 1 3 PHC 1 3 PHC 1 3 NCM 104 1 NCM 105 8 NCM 105 8 NCM 106 1 NCM 107 8 NCM 107 8 NCM 108 1 NCM 109 8 NC	NCM 100 - Foundations of Nursing Practice 3

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DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

GENERAL EDUCATION

Language and Literature

English 1 - Communication Skills I

Basic skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing. (3 units)

English 2 - Communication Skills II

Intermediate skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing

Pre-requisite: English 1. (3 units)

English 3 - Communication Skills III

Advanced skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing. Pre-requisite: English 2 (3 units)

English 4 - Introduction to Literature

A study of the different literary forms - poetry, drama, short story, novel and essay.
(3 units)

English 5 - (Variant) Any of the following: Speech Communication:

Business English; Technical English or World Literature;

Philippine Regional Literature; Asian Literature; Third World Literature. (3 units)

Filipino 1 - Sining ng Pakikipagtalastasan

Listening, speaking, reading and writing. (3 units)

Filipino 2 - Panitikang Pilipino

From its beginning in folk tradition, through colonial periods to the present; to be taught in Filipino. (3 units)

Mathematics and the Natural Sciences

Mathematics 3 - College Algebra

Linear equations; algebraic and graphical solutions of the quadratic equations; exponents and radicals; complex numbers, binomial expansion; determinants; progressions; theory of equations. (3 units)

General Chemistry (Inorganic, Organic Chemistry)

Qualitative quantum mechanical description of the atomic, tonic and molecular structure of matter; theoretical and practical treatment of chemical and nuclear reactions; property-structure correlation of solids, liquids and gases. (5 units) 3 units lecture, 2 units laboratory (4 hours)

Biochemistry

It deals with the study of chemical composition of living cells 'This embraces the study of the chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids and protein, nucleic acids and enzymes and their metabolism when taken as food by man. (5 units) 3 units lecture and 2 units laboratory (4 hours)

Physics

Mechanics, heat and thermodynamics; electromagnetism, waves, optics and modern physics. (3 units) 2 units lecture and 1 unit laboratory.

Anatomy and Physiology

Focuses on structure, functions and adaptations of the human body, with emphasis on physiological regulations, adaptive mechanisms (5 units) 3 units lecture, 2 units lab. (4 hrs.)

Microbiology and Parasitology

Deals with the physiological and pathogenic properties of bacteria, fungi and viruses as an introduction to disease causation. Deals with the component of immune system and host-parasite interaction (4 units) 3 units lecture and 1 unit lab. (4 hrs.).

AHSE Subjects

Bio-Ethics

Important concepts and principles of Bio Ethics (3 units).

Science, Technology and Society

Interactions of Science, Technology and Society to health (3 units).

Primary Health Care I

Concepts and principles in the provision of basic care in terms of health promotion/maintenance and disease prevention at the individual and family level. 7 units (4 units lecture, 3 units RLE)

Primary Health Care II

Concepts and principles in the provision of basic health care in terms of health promotion/maintenance and disease prevention at the community level. 5 units (3 units lecture, 2 units RLE)

Humanities and the Social Sciences

Philosophy of Man

An inquiry into man as person and his existence in the world with emphasis on the Filipino in the context of his culture and society. (3 units)

Health Ethics

Reflection on moral experience. Foundations of moral values; values and society, the family, the economic society, the political society. Reflection on Filipino values. Contemporary problems: abortion, graft and corruption, violence, poverty, etc. (3 units)

Sociology-Anthropology

The nature of human society and culture; social structure and non-literate societies particularly with respect to their kinship systems. (3 units)

Health Economics with Taxation and Agrarian Reform

Concepts of micro-economics, money and banking, economic growth and development and international economics in relation to health (3 units)

Philippine History

A comprehensive cultural and socio-economic history of the Philippines from the Pre-Hispanic period to the present. (3 units)

Philippine Government and Constitution

Trends of the growth, organization, functions and working of the government of the Republic of the Philippines, with emphasis on Philippine Constitution; includes a comparative analysis of the Constitutions. (3 units)

Asian Civilization

Focuses on health practices of Asian countries as a basis for the practice of transcultural nursing. It also includes the geographical and historical settings of these civilizations. (3 units)

Rizal and His Writings

Biography of Dr. Jose Rizal; a critical view of the social order in which he lived, through an analysis of his works and letters, his opinions on nationalism, government, religion, education, as well as his philosophy of living and the relevance of these ideas to the contemporary Philippine scene. (3 units)

Physical Education

- P.E. 1 Self-Testing Activities and Gymnastics
- P.E. 2 Rhythmics and Aquatics
- P.E 3 Individual and Dual Sport
- P.E. 4 Team Sports

NURSING

NCM 100 - Foundations of Nursing

Overview of nursing as a service, an art, and a profession. It shall include a discussion on the different roles of a nurse emphasizing on health promotion, illness prevention utilizing the nursing process as a basis for nursine practice.

3 units (2 units Lecture, 1 unit RLE)

NCM 101 - Promotive and Preventive Nursing Care Management

Developmental theories and concepts, to critically analyze health needs and concerns of the individual, family and community,

16 units (8 units Lecture, 8 units RLE)

NCM 102 - Curative and Rehabilitative Nursing Care Management I

Concepts and principles of nursing care management of clients with alteration in human functioning across the life span in varied settings.

16 units (8 hrs. Lecture, 8 hrs. RLE)

NCM 103 - Related Learning Experience

Focuses on the enhancement of the student skills by previous concepts given in NCM 101, 102.

4 units (204 hours)

NCM 104 - Curative and Rehabilitative Nursing Care Management II

Concepts and principles of nursing care management of clients with alterations in human functioning across the life span in various settings. This is a continuation of NCM 102 and 103.

16 units (8 hours lecture, 8 hours RLE)

NCM 105 - Nursing Management and Leadership

Focuses on the development of leadership and management skills essential to the professional nurse. Includes ethico-moral aspects of health and nursing practice, the nurses responsibilities for personal and professional growth.

16 units (8 units lecture, 8 units RLE)

RES : Introduction to Research

It deals with the research process and its application to the nursing care management of clients in varied settings. 3 Units

COM HEALTH DEV: Community Health Development

Focuses on the in-depth discussion of the principles, approaches, strategies, and processes to community health development. Equips the students with the principles of health education as a core Community Organizing Participatory Action Research (COPAR) model. 3 units

Strategies of Health Education

Principles and concepts of teaching with emphasis in teaching health.

3 units

Basic Nutrition

Basic nutrients, their functions, sources, metabolism, physiology and interrelationships including human nutritional requirements and importance of good nutrition to one's health, the family and the community. (3 units)

Physical Education

2 units per semester

Total - 8 units

` CMT

(1.5 units) per semester

Total - 6 units

GUIDELINES FOR IMPLEMENTING RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCE (RLE)

The Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) curriculum is a competency-based and community-oriented curriculum. The teaching-learning process is best achieved by the proper selection and organization of learn-depretences in a given situation. Hence, the challenges deeped greatly in the preparedness and ability of the faculty to organize the learning experiences in the classroom or various health situations based on the classroom or various health situations based on the classroom.

The RLE are viewed in terms of changes in the behavior of the students and not just in terms of content. The faculty mist be competent in selecting RLE that will provide for continuity, sequence and integration of principles, concepts, skills and values that have been previously learned in the classroom and other situations.

In coming up with the proposed formula for determining cost of RLE per student, consideration was given to (a) Rules and Standards of Nursing Education and the prescribed units and hours for the RLE in the BSN Curriculum, (b) faculty preparation, and competence. The following should be considered:

- A class is composed of 48-50 students.
- Faculty-student Ratio per semester and year level
 3rd Year level 1:8-10 students to a group (1^{rt} Semester)
 1:8-12 students to a group (2rd Semester)
 4th Year level 1:12-15 students to a group
- Related Learning Experiences hours required for whole course
- PHC I 153 hours PHCII 102 hours NCM 100 51 hours NCM 101 408 hours NCM 102 408 hours NCM 103 204 hours NCM 104 408 hours NCM 105 408 hours Total 2142 hours
- Basis for Computation to Determine RLE Fee
 No. of hours assigned to faculty X hourly rate = RLE Fee
- 6. Computation of RLE Hours

1 unit = 51 hours

SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT/INSTRUMENTS PER LEVEL

Primary Health Care I and II	and the second second	PERLEVEL
CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
1. Person	EXPERIENCES	
1. rerson	Depicts Social Graces	
	development process as a person	
Prof. 100	thru Role Play	1
 Psychosocial Aspect 	a) Sets up tables for format and	tables, plates, spoon and fork,
	informal parties, tea party	chairs , table linens, napkins,
		glasses, cups
	b) Receiving messages thru the	Telephone
	telephone	Terepriorie
	Communication technique	Forms on interviewing
		techniques
2. Health		techniques
- Personal Hygiene	Handwashing	Sinks (2)
		l surgical
	1	l kitchen
	Care of Eyes, Ears, Hair, Teeth,	
	Nails, Feet	Towels, cotton pledgets, soap, soap dish, orange stick
		hairbrush, toothbrush,
- Comfort Measures	Bedmaking	toothpaste, glass
	Dodinaking	Crutch beds (6)
- 1	Bedbath	1 bed/8 students at one time
	Deduatii	Tray containing soap dish with
		soap, alcohol, comb, dusting
1		powder, nail file, nail cutter
-		Bed bath trays (3)
		Basins (2)
		Pitcher (2)
		Face Towel
4 4		Bath Towel (2)
		Blankets (2)
	-	Rubber Sheet
		Draw Sheet
	Shampooing	Kelly pad
	1	Pitchers
		Rubber Sheets
		Pail (big)
		Cotton balls for ear plugs
		Bedside table (6)
		Footstool (6)
	1	Overhead table (1)
	. 1	Pillows (6)
		Pillows (6) Linens
	1	
	ı	- bedsheet
		- pillows
	24	

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCE	EQUIPTMENT/SUPPLIES
		Screen
		Rubber Sheet
3. Health Process	History taking	Forms of gathering data
	L	
	Physical Assessment (adult)	Assessment tools (individual
		family)
	a) Vital Signs	1
	a) viai Signs	B/P Apparatus mercurial
		- mercurial
		Teaching stethoscope
		Thermometers
		- oral
	.	- rectal
		VCR
		Tapes showing assessment of
		these parts
		mess parts
	b) Physical Assessment I	Snellens Chart
	(Head, Neck, Threat)	Penlight
	1 '	Head Mirror
	1	Otoscope
		Screen
	1	Nasal
	1	Tongue depressor
	I said to the said	
	c) Physical Assessment II	Video tapes showing assessment
	I	of these parts'
	(Chest, Thorax, Abdomen)	Stethoscope
		Beds
	The second second second	Screen
	d) Physical Assessment III	7
	u) Thysical Assessment III	Tapes showing assessment of these parts
	(Upper and Lower Extremities)	tnese parts
	Sensory Reflexes	Reflex hammer
	Delisory Residues	Chairs
		Screen
Community	The second of the second	Simulated Community Setting
		- Houses
		- Barangay Hall with graphs
	1	showing vital statistics of a
	1	
	1 .	hypothetical community and spot map
	1	- Herbal plants
		Posters on acupressure
	1 -	a contra on acupressure

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCE	EQUIPTMENT/SUPPLIES
NCM 101	DITE SIGNATURE	
1. Therapeutics	Drug Administration	Drug tray (1)
•		Samples of oral drug like
		multivitamins.
	Oral	iron preparation, oxytocics
	Parenteral	non preparation, oxytocics
	1	"IM" Trav
		Tuberculin syringe (1)
		Syringes: 2 cc, 5 cc, 10 cc
		Needles: g. 20, 21, 22, 23,
		24, 25, 26
		Container for cotton balls for dry
	1	and with alcohol
	1	Kidney basin
2. Family	Responsible Parenthood	
···		Visual aids/samples of different F.P. methods
	Developmental Stages	r.r. methods
	Antenatal	P mil
	Attitutatat	Examining Table Drapes
	1	
		Fetoscope
		CHN bag containing:
		- test tubes (2)
		- test tube holder (1)
		- alcohol lamp (1)
		- solutions Benedict,
		ascetic acid
	L · ·	- thermometers
		oral (1)
1.0		rectal (1)
		Tape measure (1)
		Weighing scale - spring (1)
		B/P Apparatus
et discount of the control of		Stethoscope
		Outside the CHN bag
		- Kelly forceps (2)
The second second	1	- Kidney basin (1)
		- Catheter - Fr. 8, 10, 12
	Natal / Delivery	(1 each)
	Italia Delivery	Shaving tray (1)
		- Jar of cotton balls with
	1	
The second second	1	
		flushing solution - Razor with blade
		Kazor with blade Kidney basin
	1	Enema Tray (1)

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCE	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
		Irrigator can with rubber tubing and clamp Enema tip Jar for lubricant
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Natal delivery	- Container of cotton balls - Graduated enamel pitcher - Bath thermometer - Kidney basin Perennial Tray
ř		Enamel jar for cotton balls Round nose forceps soaked in a solution Enamel pitcher
		- Kidney basin DR Tray - Kelly forceps (2) Mayo (1), straight (1)
		Scissors - Catgut - Needle holder - OS - Anesthetics
		IM Tray containing oxytocics/Vit.K syringe and needle container for cotton balls
	Newborn care	DR Table Kelly pad and bucket Cord Dressing Tray (1)
		- Jar of cotton pledgets - Jar of cotton balls - Jar of O.S Bottle of disinfectant
		- Bottle of alcohol - Jar of cord dressing - Sterile cord dressing
		- Scissors - Sterile forceps - Kidney basin Oil Bath Tray
		Jar of cotton balls Baby oil Kidney basin
		Baby's blanket Opthalmic ointment Crib w/ baby doll

CONCEPT	DEV (CORP.)	
CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
1		Tape measure
		Weighing scale
		Baby's layette
		- diapers
1		- binders
		Weighing scale
		Baby's layette
1 -	1	-diapers
1	}	-binders
		- dress
	Newborn care	- blanket
	1	- safety pins - mittens
1.	1.	- mittens - booties
		- Sterilizer
	•	- Feeding bottles w/ cover
	l .	- Nipples
	Į.	- Measuring glass
)	- Formula
		- Can opener
	Post Natal	Perineal Tray
		Perilight
		Breast tray
	·	- jar of cotton balls
		- jar for sterile H2O
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		- Breast pump
1 2		Medicine tray with oral
		oxytocies .
		Instruments for taking vital
		signs
		Baby Crib
e in a constant of		Immunization Tray (BCG) - jar of cotton w/ H2O
		- Tuberculosis syringe
		w/ needle g. 25 or 26
		- kidnev basin
		ECG vaccine
		Baby's layette
		Simulated Home Setting
		Improvised bed
		Earthen jars or equivalent
	Comment at 1	Improved bed
	Care of the Newborn at Home	Articles for bathing by basin
		with warm water
1		

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCE	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
		-towel
		- cottons
		- soap in soap dish - wash cloth or face towel - baby dress - diapers/pins
	Care of the postpartum mother Well Baby Clinic	Assessment Tools B/P apparatus thermometer Immunization Tray (DPT, Polio
		vaccines)
		weighing scale
Suggested Models:	Visual Aids	Instructional Aids
Pregnant Models	Breastfeeding	Physical Assessment tapes
2. Newborn Models	Growth Charts	MMDST Kit
3. Pelvic Models	Immunization Schedules Developmental Landmark Family Planning Methods	
	COMMUNITY SETTING	
I. Home	Improved Bed or Bamboo Bed Water Container Hammock/Baby Cradle Basin-medium sized	(i) (i) (i) (i)
2. Health Center	Nurse's Station Honders Charts/Folders Chart Rack Records File Chair/Table	(1) (10) (1) (1) (1) (1 each)
	Well-Baby Clinic Li Examination Table Li Infant's Weighing Scale Said Infant's Wei	(1) (1) (2) (3) (1)

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
	2.3.2 Needles g. 23, 24, 25, 26 2.3.3 Bottle for dry cotton balls 2.3.4 Cotton balls	1 each (4)
Community	A. Family Nursing Process A.1. Care of Family with Health Problems (Family Case Study)	- Interview Guideline/Client Profile - Typology of Family Nursing Problems - Family Nursing Care Plan - CHN Bag - complete
NCM 102		
1. Concept of Surgery/Pain	A. Pre-op Care A.2 Pre-op teachings A.3 Psychological Preparations	- Consent Form
	A.4 Physical Preparation - Bowel Prep	NPO tags Shaving Tray (razon/blades, gauze, pads, emesis basin, cleansing solution
	- Skin Prep A.5 Pre-op Checklist A.6 Pre-op meds B. Intra-operative B.1 Principles of Surgical	- Pre-op Checklist form - Syringes, needles, pre-op meds - Operating Room +sink with foot pedals
	Asepsis Asepsis a. Surgical Handwashing/ Handscrub	Running water, Sterile hand towels, soap Containing germicide (Phisohex)
	b. Gloving/gowning c. Opening Sterile Packs d. Picking up/transferring sterile objects	+Hand brush, Orange stick +Sterile gloves/gowns +Masks, caps +Surgical
	e. Cleaning/sterilizing/ Packing instruments	Instruments/Sterile Packs =Major Set =Minor Set +Operating table
		+Work area for cleaning and preparing Equipment for sterilization +Autoclave
	C. Immediate post-op D. Post-op	-Recovery Room + oxygen, suction, cord clamp -Ward Room

	1	
CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
Concept of Oxygenation	A. Respiratory Therapy	- Blow bottles
	A.1 Turning, Cough, Deep	Incentive Spirometer
	Breathing A.2 Steam Inhalation	1
	A.3 Nebulization	- Steam Inhalator - Nebulizer (Solutions used for
	11.5 Tregunzation	Nebulization
	A.4 IPPB	- IPPB Machine "
	A.5 Bronchial clapping	(,,
	A.6 Postural Drainage	
	B. Oxygen Therapy	
	B.1 Oxygen Mask/Cannula/	- Oxygen tank, oxygen regulator
	Nasai Prongs	(flowmeter), humidifer
	B.2 Oxygen Tent/Croupette B.3 T-tube	Distilled water
	B.4 Ambu-bag	- Oxygen Cannula/Catheter,
	,	Nasai Prongs Oxygen Mask
		- Croupette/Oxygen Tent
		- T-tube, Ambu-bag
	C. Suctioning	- Suction Machine
	C-1 Oral Nasal Suctioning	- Gloves/Pick-up forceps
	C-2 Endotracheal/	- Solution for rinsing and
	Tracheostomy	soaking suction catheters
	C-3 Tracheostomy Care	- Tracheostomy Care Set
	D. Chest Drainage (Care of	- One-way Water Seal Drainage
	Patients with Chest Tube)	- Two-way Water Seal Drainage
of the second second		- Three-Way Water Scal
		Drainage
. Fluids and Electrolytes	A. IV Therapy	
. Finds and Electrolytes	A.1 IV Fluid Administration	- IV tray
	a. Preparing the inravenous	- Intravenous Infusion Set
	infusion equipment	Macrodip/Microdip
	b. Starting/hanging IV	- IV Needles (Butterfly/
	3.00	Angiocatheter)
	c. Calculating IV drops	- IV Fluids (hypertonic, isotonic,
		hypotonic solution)
	d. Types of IV fluids and	(1,000 cc., 500 cc., 250 cc.)
	Indications	
	e. Discountinuing IV Fluids	
	riuius	- Arm board/Splint
		- rum oonorspillit

	T	
CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
	A.2 Blood Administration a. Whole Blood b. Packed RBC	- Blood Transfusion Set - IVB Tray - Normal Saline Solution 500 cc., IV tubing
	B. Administration of Drugs thru IV	- IV Tray
4 +	B.1 Administration thru Volume Control Set	- Soluset/Buretrof
	B.2 Administration thru IV Push/Bolus	- Syringe, needles
	B.3. Administration thru piggy back/side drip	- IV tubings, IV stand
	C. Central Venous Pressure Monitoring (CVP)	-CVP Manometer - D5W500 cc/IV Stand
	D. Intake and Output	- Measuring cup/glass
	D.1 Measure Intake - oral, IV , drainage, emesis	- Intake and output sheet - Empty IV bottles or measuring
	D.2 Measure Output - Urine, stool, drainage, emesis	cup - Kidney basin
	E. Urinary Catheterization E.1 Catheter Insertion E.2 Maintaining Indwelling Catheter E.3 Bedside Urinary Bag E.4 Catheter Care	- Urinary Catheterization Set - Urinary Catheters + Straight Catheter + Foley Catheter - Bedside Urinary hags/ leg bag
4. Metabolism	A. Nutrition A.2 Artificial Feedings a. NGT Feedings b. Gastrotomy Feeding	Weighing Scale Asepto-Syringe Tube Feedings Measuring Cup
	B. Gastric Irrigation - Gastric Lavage	- NGT, normal saline solution, Asepto-syringe, kidney basin
	C. Testing specimens for sugar C.1 Urine testing for sugar/acetone	- Benedict's Test - Clinitest Tablet, test tape, or Ptastix
	1	

	C,2 Random Blood Sugar	- Ketostix, Acetest
	C.2 Random Blood Sugar	
		- Haemoglucose test
	D. Insulin Administration	-Insulin Syringes, needles,
		alcohol swabs
	1	- Insulin meds - short,
		intermediate and long-action
	i	- Illustration: Areas of the bod
	E. Enema	to be used as injection sites
	E.1 Cleansing enema (Soap	1-
	suds enema)	Enema set
) succiona)	enema can, rectal tubings,
		gloves, rubbers sheet, solution tissue paper
	E.2 Retention Enema	ussue paper
	E.3 Fleet enema	- Fleet enema
Immunology	1	1 Tool Citchia
minunotogy	A. Medical Asepsis	1
	A.1 Handwashing	- Isolation Room
	A.2 Care of linens and	- soap, running water
	supplies	1
	A.3 Gloving & gowning A.4 Dressing change	- gloves, gowns, mask
	A.4 Dressing change	- antiseptic solution
	B. Isolation Technique	1
	- Reverse Isolation technique	to the same of the
	anphilips and a second designation	- Isolation tags - Isolation bag
2000	l a	- isolation dag
Reproduction/ Sexuality	A. Assisting in Gynecological	- Gynecological exam table,
	Exam	speculum, gloves, lubricant
		specimen bottles/slides
	B. Vaginal douche	- Vagina douche set
	C. Administration of vaginal	- Sheets for draping
erception and	suppository	
Coordination	A. Neurological Examination	- Sphygmomanometer,
	A.1. Mental Status	thermometer, penlight, tuning
	A.2 Sensory/motor	fork, reflex hammer
	A.3 Cranial nerve exam	Opthalmoscope, Snellen's chart
		- Otoscope, Pins
	B. Diagnostic Test	- Otoscope, rins
	- lumber tap	- Lumber tap set
	C: Traction	
. 1		
	C.1. Type of Traction	 Models (dolls) with different type of traction

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
	C.2 Application of skeletal balance traction	Orthopedic bed, Balkan frame, overhead trapeze, Thomas splint with Pearson attachment traction and suspension weights, cords,
	D. Cast D.1 Types of Casts and indications D.2 Cast Application E. Demonstration on: E.1 Active/passive exercises	- Models (dolls) with different types of casts - Plaster of Paris, wadding sheet, warm water, pail - Bed
*1	E.2 Isometric exercises E.3 Turning - log rolling technique	- Footboard - Stryker frame
	Spinal cord injury F. Ambulation F.1 Assisting in simple	- Circo-electric bed - Crutches, walker, cane
NCM 103	ambulation F.2 Ambulation with crutches, walker and cane	
Cellular Aberration	A. Diagnostic tests A.I Breast self examination (BSE)	
	A.2 Biopsy B. Therapy B.1 Radiation Therapy B.2 Chemotherapy	- biopsy set - Radiotherapy room
	C. Ostomy care C.1 Colostomy/ileostomy care	- Lead apron - Chemotherapeutic agents - Colostomy/ileostomy
Acute Biologic Crisis	C.2 Colostomy irrigation	appliances - Colostomy irrigation set
and Emergency	A. Emergency Interventions A.I First Aid A.2 CPR	- Emergency kit/cabinet - Code cart with emergency drugs and gadgets
	A.3 Emergency cart/code cart	ando and Profess

CONCEPT	RELATED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	EQUIPMENT/SUPPLIES
	A.4 Defibrillator A.5 Cardiac Monitoring	- Cardiac board - Defibrillator
	A.6 Mechanical Ventilation or respiration - pressure cycle ventilation - volume cycle respiration - Volume cycle respiration - A.7 Use of Ambu bag - A.8 Use of endo-tracheal tube - A.9 Use of airway	- EKG machine/cardiac monitoring - Ambu bag - Endotracheal tube - sirway
	B. Care of high -risk newborn C. Dialysis	- Isolette/incubator/Billy light
	- Hemodialysis - Peritoneal dialysis	Hemodialysis machine (optional) Peritoneal dialysis set, dializing solution (Impersol), drainage bottles
Maladaptive Patterns of Bahavior	A. Process Recording B. Nursing Intervention B.I. Art/play therapy B.2 Remotivation therapy B.3 Group therapy	
4. Recording/Reporting	A. Receiving and giving of endorsement B. Recording - Nurse's notes	-Mocked Nurses Station - Kardex - Chart - Progress notes and aurse's notes - Medication sheet - Medicin cards - 1 & O sheet - Oraphing sheet (VS) - Doctor's Order sheet
5. Patient's Discharge Planning	A. Discharge planning A.1 Medication A.2 Treatment/activities A.3 Health teaching	- Discharge instruction plan

- Reference Materials
 - 1. Procedure manual
 - 2. Ward manual (policies, SOP, Protocol)
 - 3. NS manual (org. chart, philo. & obi., job description, etc.)
 - 4. PDR/PIMS
 - 5. Medical dictionary

 - Nursing textbooks (Medical-Surgical, MCN, Psychology, Pharmacology) 7. Hospital Bulletin

 - 8. Hospital directory
 - 9. Telephone directory

II, Office Supplies

- 1. stapler
- 2. puncher
- 3. staple wire remover
- 4. spindle
- 5. pencil nibber hands
- 7 calendar
- III. Equipment 1. BP apparatus
 - 2. stethoscope
 - 3. charts
 - 4. spindle
 - 5. pencil 6. clip board
 - 7. bed tags/door tag
 - 8. foot stool 9. foot board
 - 10, wall clock
 - 11. drop light
 - 12. weighing scale
 - 13, IV stand
 - 14. medication tray
 - 15. treatment tray 16. flushing tray
 - 17. side rail
 - 18. oxygen gauge
 - 19. monkey wrench

- 8. staple wires 9. thumb tacks 10. fastener II. pentel pens
- 12. ruler
- eraser
- 14. paste/glue
- - 20. bednan 21. urinal
 - 22. pitcher.
 - kidney or emesis basin
 - 24. sputum cup 25. pail
- 26. flashlight
- 27. water iug
- 28. boiler/kettle 29. can opener
- 30. garbage can 31. funnel
- 32. mortar & pestle
- 33. specimen bottles
- 34, ice nick
- bandage scissors
- 36. tape measure
- 37. rubber sheets 38. drinking straw

IV Fixture

- 1. medicine cabinet
 - 2. bulletin board
 - 3. chart rack
- V. Appliance
 - 1. wheelchair 2. stretcher
- VI. Records
- 1. Hospital forms
 - 2. Logbook articles, inventory, borrowed articles, rea-
- VII. Linen I. hedsheet
 - 2. drawsheet
 - 3 nillowcase
 - 4. bath towel
 - 5. hand towel 6 camisa

- 4. emergency cast 5. screen
- 6 medicine & treatment cards rack
- 3. refrigerator
- 4. electric stove
- pajama
 - R. curtain 9. HWB, Ice cap cover
- 10. strap/restraint 11. laundry bag

Community

HEALTH CENTER | Fixtures.

- 1. Examining table
 - 2. Table & chair
 - 3. Bench 4. Cabinet - emergency, med., supplies
- II. Equipment/Supplies
 - 1. CHN bag
 - 2. Cold chain bag 3. Weighing scale
 - 4. Thermometer 5. BP apparatus
 - Tape measure 7. Nutrition arm band
 - 8. Dressing tray 9. Rubber sheet
 - 10. Microscone
 - Bunzen burner
 - 12. Pick-up forceps
 - 13. Disinfecting solution
 - 14. Kidney basin

- 5. Shelf files 6. Screen/divider 7. Blackboard
- 8. Comfort room 9. Sink w/ running water
- 17. Test tubes & slides
- 18. Gloves
- 19. Specimen bottles 20. Waste cans
- 21. Water container
- 22. Pail 23. Flushing can
- 24. Ice box 25. Domiciliary delivery bag
- 26. Injection tray syringes and needles
- 27. Medicine glass .
- 28. Stove 29. Kettle
- 30. Bandage scissors

'7. pentel pen

9. index cards

10. calendar

8. chalk & eraser

11. pencil & eraser

III. Records

- 1. Record book
- 2 Envelops/Folders for family record
- 3. Health records

IV. References

- 1. Manual for Herbal Medicines/Acupressure
 - 2. PIMS of PDR
 - 3. Director of Agencies GO & NGO (health and health related)

V. Office Supplies

- 1. stapler
- 2. staple wire remover
 - puncher
- 4. fastener
- 5. envelopes/folders 6. forms
- VI. Linens

1 sheets . 2. hand towels

VII. Instructional Materials

- 1. Charts Anatomy
 - 2. Posters 3. Spot map

VIII. Emergency Medicines

- 1. Antipyretics
- 2. Antihistamines
- 3. Coagulants
- 4. Oxytocics

IX. Housekeeping Materials

- 1. broom
- 2. dust cloths
- 3. dust pan

- others: 7. Vaccines
- 5. Antihelminties 6. Vitamins 8. Reagents

4. soap 5. floor map